ASTHMA COALITION OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY GENERAL COALITION MEETING

Meeting Notes April 25, 2011

ISSUE/TOPIC	DISCUSSION	ACTION/FINDINGS
Welcome and Introductions	Meeting was called to order at 1:31 pm by Dr. Vinetz	
Review minutes	Minutes were reviewed.	 Minutes approved as written.
Steering Committee Elections	Voting slates passed out to be reviewed by coalition members. Dr. Vinetz asked if	Nominations approved.
Additional Nominations	anyone had additional nominations for the coalition. There were no additional	Steering Committee Slate
Slate Reading	nominations.	approved by members.
Member Vote	A vote was called on the Steering Committee slate.	
Presentation and Discussion: "Smoke-Free	Highlights from the presentations:	
Housing"	Presentations were given on smoke-free housing and unintended consequences.	
Katie Van Cleave – LA County	The presentation began with discussion of current areas that ban smoking and went	
Department of Public Health – Tobacco	into details of second-hand smoke and its negative effects.	
Control Program (Project TRUST)	Highlight of smoke-free housing: When parents smoke, their kids have a higher	
 Marlene Gomez – Smoke-free Air for 	prevalence of asthma and hospitalizations related to asthma. California smoking	
Everyone	prevalence rate is lower than in other parts of the country. Second hand smoke can	
Greg Spiegel—Inner City Law Center	drift through various parts of an apartment including ventilation vents and walls. HUD	
Becky Dennison—LA Community Action	release of notice to housing and urban development. Healthy homes manual which	
Network	provides a guidelines for housing to go smoking-free. Discussion of smoking cessation	
	services. Landlord's responsibility of providing safe and habitable space. Fair housing	
	laws provide protection with people with disabilities and chronic illness. Lower costs	
	for landlords of smoke-free housing including lower repair costs and insurance	
	discounts. Remedies such as air filters and building modifications do not remove all of	
	the smoke and harmful chemicals. Existence of a smoke-free apartment registry	
	(<u>www.smokefreeapartments.org</u>). Smoking is not a protected right – the focus is not	
	to force people not to smoke, but to regulate where they can smoke and protecting	
	vulnerable populations. 73-84% of tenants would like to live in smoke-free	
	apartments or sections of apartments. 82% feel that there is need for laws to limit	
	smoking in apartments. Overview of tenant protections in various Los Angeles	
	counties.	
	Highlights of Unintended consequences: Discussion of smoke-free housing as a legal	
	intervention and the concern from the perspective of low income tenants. The	
	potential for displacing lower income tenants is a primary concern. Rent stabilization	
	keeps rent low as long as tenant lives there, but rent can be raised once the tenants	
	moves out. Landloards use any excuse to evict low SES tenants. How can you prove	
	that you did not smoke? Policy could not be applied to current tenants due to rent	
	stabilization ordinance. Smoke-free policy must balance exposed tenants and public	

ISSUE/TOPIC	DISCUSSION	ACTION/FINDINGS
	health of that tenant that has a member of the family that smokes. There is also an issue of addiction among minority and low SES community which are targeted more from tobacco companies and have less health care access. There should be a provision of health services to help with quitting and cover medical/medicine costs. Nuisance is an easier way to characterize a lot of behaviors that are not illegal and would create a dilemma in figuring out who is protected and who is not. • Question highlights: Is there data regarding evictions due to ordinances? No, data of massive evictions and the ordinances are relatively new. How many people would respond to eviction by taking on health care services to quit smoking? Not enough data to show, but may still be enough reason to be evicted despite quitting smoking. Community-based solutions versus ordinances. Another solution is to advocate production of more affordable housing and advocating that percentages of them be smoke-free so that tenants also have an option to move to a smoke-free environment	
Workgroup Updates:	Asthma Friendly Schools Workgroup: No update. Next meeting data TBD.	
Asthma Friendly Schools	Outdoor Air Workgroup:	
Outdoor Air	No update.	
Indoor Environments	Indoor Environments Workgroup:	
• Clinical Care	 Goal: promote indoor air quality and asthma friendly housing systems and policies within a framework that upholds rights and protects against unintended consequences. Increasing community involvement through workgroups. Working on an asthma resource guide. Will pole for the next meeting date in order to include more members. Clinical Workgroup: Workgroup continues to recruit physicians. 	
Announcements:	Asthma Awareness Month: This year's event is to create an Asthma Coalition facebook	
May is Asthma Awareness Month	page to raise awareness about asthma and the Coalition.	
ACLAC Logo	ACLAC Logo: New logo was shared. Motion to adopt the new ACLAC logo.	ACLAC logo passed by the coalition
Financial Report	Financial Report: \$5,288 remaining funds, \$1,073 spent on grant writing, \$392 ACLAC	
• From the floor	lunch, \$165 gathered from passing the hat AQMD grant: Review committee is not meeting until June. Coalition policy efforts: 1) letter of support to Senator Yee for Bill 136 for smoking cessation services, 2) letter to Barbara Boxer and Diane Feistein to strengthen the clean era, CDC healthy homes grant Asthma intervention in public and assisted multi-family housing: Inquired whether anyone is applying for this grant. None of the attendees plan to apply.	